Statement

State-wise number of cases in which FIRs have been lodged

Name of State	No. of cases
Karnataka	12
Kerala	3
Andhra Pradesh	17
Tamil Nadu	-
Maharashtra	**4**
Rajasthan	7
Madhya Pradesh	3
Delhi	7
Uttar Pradesh	5
Uttaranchal	-
Bihar	43
Jharkhand	-
Haryana	9
Assam	1
Nagaland	6
Manipur	4
Mizoram	-
Orissa	3
West Bengal	**5**
TOTAL	129

Labour accounts in banks and post offices under NREG Programme

3208. SHRI ABU ASIM AZMI: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether union Government is fully confident that 100 days employment programme has been fully implemented in the country, State-wise;

(b) if so, whether the labour accounts have also been opened in the banks and the post offices in the villages;

(c) the State-wise number of such labourers who are covered under 100 days Rozgar Yojana;

(d)'whether 100 days income is sufficient to the family of the labour for 365 days; and

(e) how long a labour has to wait for another 100 days employment?.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI CHANDRA SEKHAR SAHU): (a) National Rural Employment Guarantee act, 2005 was launched in 200 districts in its first phase of implements on 2.2.2006. The Act was extended to 130 additional districts in 2007-2008 and has been extended to all the remaining rural areas of the country with effect from 1.4.2008. the Act provides a legal guarantee of 100 days of employment to every rural household in a financial year whose adult members volunteer to

do unskilled manual work. NREGS is demand based. State-wise status of implementation of the Act is enclosed as Statement *(See* below)

(b)-In order to ensure transparency and timely payment of wages to the workers under NREGA, instructions have been issued to all Sates for opening accounts of NREGA workers in Bank and Post Offices. So far 1,39,63,377 accounts of NREGA workers have been opened in Banks and Post Offices.

(c)~NREGS is demand based. The basic unit for providing employment under NREGA is a 'household' and not an individual. Adult members of a rural household are required to register themselves with the Gram Panchayat for issue of a job card. Job Card is issued to a households after verification of the details given in the application. State-wise number of household who have been issued job cards under NREGS is given in column ,2 of the Statement mentioned at part (a) above.

The aim of NREGA is to provide for the enhancement of livelihood security of the rural households by providing at least 100 days of guaranteed wage employment in every financial year to every household whose adult members volunteer to do unskilled manual work. NREGA is demand based. Under 'the Act, employment is provided to a wage seeker for the number of days of employment demanded subject to "art over all ceiling of 100 days per household in a financial year. Members of the household may avail other available employment opportunities in addition to the 100 days of guaranteed employment per household provided under the Act on demand.

(d) 100 days of Employment under NREGA can be availed of on demand by a rural household any time in a financial year as per the provisions of the Act.

Statement

NREGA Implementation Status Report for the financial year 2007-08

[Upto March (provisional)], 2008

SL No.	States	No. of households issued job cards	No. of households Person days . employment Provided	In lakhs	Works Completed
1	2	3	4	5	6
1.	Andhra Pradesh	8612273	4236930	1679.49	72165
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	23584	3993	2.99	4
3.	Assam	1385709	1212353	420.09	4737
4.	Bihar	7218823	3344500	659.46	36370
5.	Chhattisgarh	2869908	2253451	1271.23	41596
6.	Gujarat	844958	243585	71.77	10896
7.	Harvana	161445	70769	.' 35.01	• 1609
*.	Himachal Pradesh	358533	231921	79.19	, 5358
9.	Kashmir.	27889J	116800	36.8	2561
1	Jharkhand.	2971205	1634615	715.2	.47247
1	Kalkataka	1464686	392944	174.19	11884.-

12	3	4	5	6
12. Kerala	7646	4166481	140.252	30.06
13. MadhyaPradesh	7238784	4346-916	2753.02	132845
14. Maharashtra	3099962	400233	164.97	2949
15. Manipur	91013	90999	48.32	206
16. Meghalaya	121297	105732	40.84	2506
17. Mizoram	89314	88940	33.55	640
•18.'Nagaland	70324	69969	12.9	81
19. Orissa	4039440	1018659	355.43	12316
20. Punjab	97734	48022	17.17	566
21. Rajasthan	2861639	2135997	1600.75	18090
22. Sikkim	29921	18234	7.05	154
23. TamilNadu	2145268	1107787	631.-55	7176
24. Tripura	465526	420700	136.65 •	46846
25. Uttar Pradesh	7259441	4082892	1327.14	96132
26. Uttaranchal	336729	173950	74.79	5684
27. West Bengal	8525128	3962326	856.62	44-759
TOTAL:	63078183	31953569	13246.14	613023

Siphoning of money under NREGA

3209. MS. MABEL REBELLO: 3VUltheMinisterofRURALDEVELOPMENT,.be pleased to state: v

(a) whether Government is aware that the Gram Sahayaks are taking almost 25 per cent of the allotted money under NREGA for sanctioning/construction of wells;

(b) the district, block and Panchayat officials siphoned off almost 40 per cent of cash of NREGA projects and in what manner Government propose to eliminate corruption from these projects; and

(c) in what manner Government proposes to rectify this situation of corruption and harassment of tribal beneficiaries by junior officials !ike the BDO and his subordinates who execute NREGA projects?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI CHANDRA SEKHAR SAHU): (a) Operational Guidelines for NREGA provide that one Gram Rozgar Sahayak (GRS) should be appointed in each Gram Panchayat. Duties of a RS include registration of households, issue of job cards, issue of dated receipt against job application, allocation of work, payment of wages and un-employment allowance, maintenance of records and any other duty prescribed by the State Employment Guarantee Council. His duties of not include sanctioning/construction of wells.

(b) and (c) Ministry of Rural Development requested CAG to undertake performance audit of the implementation of NREGA in 68 phase I districts for the year 2006-2007. Some irregularities have been reported in the implementation of NREGS. These irreyularities mainly relate to procedures such as application for employment, issue of dated resouipts, job card formals, muster rolls, maintenance of record registers. In addition, complaints', have also been received regarding irregularities in the implementation of NREGA. State-wise details of the